The National Republican.

VOL. XXIV .-- NO. 72.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1884.

THREE CENTS.

THEY ALL WANT IT.

Democratic Delegations Gathering for the Contest Friday.

Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati Striving for the Convention.

Prospects of a Sharp Straggle for the Much Coveted Prine.

An Encouraging Outlook for All and the Lake City in Particular.

The near approach of the day for the meet-Ing of the democratic national committee has brought to this city large delegations from Chicago and St. Louis and an advance guard from Cincinnati and Baltimore, who are in telegraphic communication with their respective cities, and expect to be strongly re-enforced this afternoon. The Baltimore men returned home by an evening train, and, beyond securing headquarters at the Ebbitt house, have done but little, believing, as was stated by one of their number, that Wednesday morning will be early enough for them to begin operations. They slaim a strong support in both houses of congress for their city, and argue that, as there is no prospect of adjournment before the last is no prospect of adjournment before the last week in August, members and senators will naturally favor Baltimore as, if the convention is held there, they will be able to attend its sessions without losing any time from their legislative duties. Col. Chas. Wooley is thus far the only prominent representative of Cincinnati that has put in an appearance. He is enthusiastic in his advocacy of the Chio metropolis, and thinks that the only hope of the party is to locate the con-Ohio metropolis, and thinks that the only hope of the party is to locate the convention in Cincinnati, and then as a natural sequence it would follow that a Buckeye democrat would be required to head the ticket. He denounces as a weak invention of the enemy, the traditions that have been handed down regarding the paucity of hotel accommodations there, and says that these who do not hanker after the turbid water of the Ohio will be supthe turbid water of the Ohio will be sup-plied with fluids far more exhibitating and with a reliable article of distilled aqua pura for toilet use. So far as house room and the commissariat are concerned, he claims that Cincinnati will be able to accommodate the convention without any trouble, and will, at the same time, agree to provide for the crowd from Illinois and Missouri single rooms on the second floor.

from Illinois and Missouri single rooms on the second floor.

The delegation from St. Louis embraces Col. Ike Cook, R. P. Tansey, chairman of the citizens' committee; John E. Elliott, Henry Newman, Capt J. N. Bodinger, Col. Den Morrison, Gov. H. C. Brockmeyer, Charles Gibson, John G. Priest, and others to the number of nearly sixty, who are expected to reach here this morning. The efforts of these gentlemen will be most ably seconded by Col. John G. Prather, who is a member of the national committee, and also one of the most ardent advocates of the good city of St. Louis. The Missourians will open their headquarters at Willard's to-day, and, with the aid of the entire delegation from their state in congress, will inaugurate an active campaign for the will inaugurate an active campaign for the capture of the convention. Chicago has the strongest delegation in the

Chicago has the strongest delegation in the field (numerically speaking) thus far, and while they disavow any intention of making a hot contest it is evident to a casual observer that they will inauguate a systematic and strong campaign for the prize. Their headquarters are located in parlors 8 and 10 at Willard's. The delegation contains silk stockings and short hairs in about equal proportion under the leadership of Mike McDonald, the boss gambler of the city. There are twenty or thirty aldermen and county commissioners, at least 50 per cent, of whom are prosperous saloon keepers. There is a sprinkling of first citizens in the crowd, are prosperous saloon keepers. sprinkling of first citizens in the crowd, however. The delegation was carried from the depot in two of Knox's express wagons. Following is a list of all the names: Mike Donald, E. J. ("Dutchy") Lehman, Wm. McGarigle, John H. Colvin, John Mattocks, J. E. Geoliogan, J. H. Hildreth, M. Ryan, C. F. Doemer, W. M. Devine, M. Gaynor, E. Praegar, M. Wasserman, Jos. Donniesberger, Adam Ochs, B. M. Scha'er, N. B. Boyden, M. R. Leyden, Jos. Sckup, Wm. Harlow, James McHale, John E. Van Pelt, J. M. Duuphy, A. J. Calder, George C. Klehm, Hon. John H. Oberly, J. C. Mackin, Fred Sommer, G. C. Klehm, Ed Geobegan, Hon. W. C. Goudey, Potter Palmer, C. P. Kimball, E. Phelps, Judge Lambert Tree, Gen. Singleton, A. Seeberger, and others yet to arrive.

Those gentlemen represented the Illinois democratic state central committee, the Chi-

democratic state contral committee, the Chicago democratic city central committee, the Cook county democratic central committee, the commissioners of the county board of Chieago, the Cook county commissioners, the council of Chicago, the city treasurer and city council of Chicago, the city treasurer and coroner, the citizens' committee, the Iroquois club, and the Cook county democratic club. Mayor Carter Harrison is expected this evening, and the work will be commenced in earnest, Alderman J. H. Hildreth, who is the chairman of the city council committee, says that Chicago is prepared to offer every advantage. Chicago is prepared to offer every advantage and accommodation to the convention; that arrangements have been made with all the trunk lines of railroads for reduced rates of fare for the round trip, and that already funds enough have been subscribed to pay every expense of the naifenal committee and the convention, in-cluding the hotel bills of every delegate who may leel unable to meet the same. He claims that Chicago, with its cool summer nights, its grand bouleyard of forty-two miles in length, together with its perfect sanitary condition and elegant hotel accommodations, presents peculiar attractions, and that all this, taken in connection with the fact that it is the center of railroad transportation for the continent, makes it just the place to hold the convention.

Collector Spaiding, of the port of Chicago, who has been in the city for several days, called upon the delegation last evening, and arranged for them to visit the war depart-ment to-day to pay their respects to Secretary Lincoln. It is particularly urged by the Chicago delegation that the location of the convention in that city will have no in-fluence whatever upon the nomination, as Chicago may very properly be termed neutral ground for all the democratic aspi-rants for the presidency. They also state that in the event that Chicago is not selected it will will be far better to hold the conven-tion in some eastern city, as the selection of tion in some eastern city, as the selection o St. Louis would give an undue advantage to the friends of Representative Morrison, while, to locato it at Cincinnati, would be equivalent to turning the question of a presi-

deutial nomination over to the Standard Oil company and Senator-elect Payne. At a late hour last night a delegation ar-rived from Louisville, Ky., who took quarters at the Ebbitt. The Kentuckians were prowided with floor plans of halls and a long array of advantages and inducements, which they are prepared to lay before the committee, and at the same time to urge the selection of Louisville as the best point for holding the

There are but few members of the national committee yet in the city, but it is expected that many of them, including Senator Bar-num, will reach here this evening.

Italians in Durance Vile.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18 .- The Italians who were arrested at Aberdeen on Saturday, and marched to the jail in Belair, are still confined there. The grand jury heard testimony to-day in relation to the capture and holding of A. J. Parlament, and will continue the

investigation. The sympathy of the people is with the Italians. A meeting of Italian residents was held in this city to-night, at which a committee was appointed to go to Aberdeen to-morrow and inquire into all the facts. After which they will go to liciair, and when their assistance is required will contribute for the defense of their countrymen.

RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS.

Generous Aid for the Victims of the Ohio River Flood.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 18.—At a meeting of the citizens' relief committee, acting upon a report of the special committee which was sent down the Kanawha river yesterday, a resolution was passed to stop soliciting aid and contributions from the citizens for the present. Should aid be needed the people here will respond immediately, provided that the money furnished by the government to this committee, amounting to \$5,000, does not hold out. This city has already appropriated

hold out. This city has already appropriated \$5,000 in supplies.

PETERSHUKO, VA., Feb. 18.—A meeting of citizens was held in the council chamber here this evening and active steps taken for procuring relief for the western flood suffer-

IRONTON, OHIO, Feb. 18.—A relief beat will leave supplies here and then return to Pomeroy bend and vicinity. Catlettsburg and Ironton are still partly submerged. Ironton is fully supplied with provisions, and the relief committee is distributing supplies in the flooded country. The business portion of the town is clear and trade is her portion of the town is clear, and trade is be-

portion of the town is clear, and trade is being r sumed.

New York, Feb. 18.—Mayor Edson to-day received subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers by the floods in the Ohio valley, amounting to \$1,150.

Boston, Feb. 18.—In the house to-day a resolution was introduced appropriating \$50,000, to be expended under the governor's direction, to aid the western flood sufferers.

Cadets' Court Martial. ANNAPOLIS, MD., Feb. 18.-In the naval court martial to-day the case of Cadet Mc-Kean, charged with hazing Cadet C. C. Craig,

Kean, charged with hazing Cadet C. C. Craig, was taken up. Cadet Craig testified that Mc-Kean was present when the attack was made on him, but only tried to take the skates away after he had hit Cadet Maxey.

Commander Sigsbee, president of the naval court martial, gave Cadet Craig a stinging reprimand this afternoon. He said to him: "You are showing a little too much partiality to the accused in your answers. This court was not organized to convict nor acquit anybody, but to get at the truth, and you owe more to the government than you do to any more to the government than you do to any individual. I want your answers hereafter to be direct and flat footed." Cadet Craig is brave and manly, but, like all the rest of the cadets, will be whipped or multreated and then try to shield the perpetrators.

Revolution in Norfolk.

NORFOLK, VA., Feb. 18.—Now that the election is at hand for the house of delegates the bourbons are determined to force every revolutionary issue they can devise in order to intimidate the colored vote. To-day Judge Brooke, of the corporation court, on petition of the bourbons, montly lawyers, "one of which is a candidate for the legislature," ordered a special grand jury, to meet to-morrow, to indict some colored men alleged by the bourbon bluffers to have registered illegally. The bourbons are divided on the city extension, and it is openly declared this last act of theirs will disgust many a white voter who has been heretofore with them. The board of pelice commissioners meet to-night to remove the remainder of the police, in order to meet the party pressure upon to intimidate the colored vote. To-day Judge in order to meet the party pressure upon them.

A Slick Swindle in St. Louis. St. Louis, Feb. 18.—R. W. Reid, proprietor of a large confectionery establishment in this city, and Louis J. Fuller, William Reilly, and Millard Shepherd, employes of O. H. Peckham & Co., wholesale confectioners on Main street, were arrested last night on the charge of having robbed and swindled the latter firm. The operation consisted in furnishing to Reid, who was a customer of Peckham & Co., two or three times the amount of his orders and charging him only with the amount of his orders. The surplus Reid paid for by giving Fuller, Reilly, and Shep-herd mere nominal sums and farnishing them with theater tickets, oyster suppers, &c. Peckham & Co. believe that they have been swindled out of from \$10,000 to \$12,000, and will attach Reid's Stock.

The Kingston Wife Murderer. KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 18.-Avery, who murdered his wife and attempted to kill himself, is not yet out of danger. The physicians found a hole in the windpipe, through which air passed under the skin. The woman died of internal hemorrhage from the wound in her throat indicted by her husband. The portion of the throat in which the wound was made has been cut out and was made has been cut out and will be used in evidence at the trial. It is expected that Avery will be brought to jail to-morrow. He is idiotic looking, coarse in manners, and is thought by many to be insane. He still in-sists that his wife attacked him first.

His Neck Broken. READING, PA., Feb. 18.-Frank Boyle, employed on the new Pennsylvania Schuylkill Valley railroad, entered Buck Leader's saloon to-night and raised a disturbance. The proprietor forcibly ejected him and he fell from a high step to the pavement, breaking his neck and dying instantly. Leader was arrested and held without ball to await the result of the coroner's in quest to-morrow.

His Comrade's Corpsc.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 18 .- Lieutenant Commanders J. E. Craig and C. M. Thomas, of the naval academy, who were classimates of of Lieut. Com. De Long, and Passed Assistant Surgeon McClurg, left the naval academy today for New York to be present at the recep-tion of the body of Lieut, Com. Do Long and the balance of the Jeanuette party.

A Northwestern Blizzard, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Feb. 18.—A special to the Tribune says: "A blizzard is raging in the vicinity of St. Vincent. The thermome-ter is falling rapidly, and fears are entertained of a snow blockade."

The Sharon-Hill Case, SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18 .- The Sharon-Hill divorce case, which was set for trial to-day, has been postponed until March 25.

A Postmuster Arrested. FARGO, D. T., Feb. 18.-Wm. E. Fineh, postmaster at Ellendale, Dickey county, was arrested to-day on the charge of robbing the

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

-Jacob Dickey was killed yesterday at a gas well near Bradford, Pa.

-John B. Bethune, the manager of Blind Tom, was killed at Wilmington, Del., yesterday by a railway train. -John Walker, convicted of the murder of Wm,

Frasier at Paterson, N. J., was yesterday sente to twenty years in prison. -A strike among the puddlers at the Pennsylvania fron works is threatened, in consequence of a reduction of 19 per cent. In their wages,

-The official investigation into the steamship City of Columbus dissister, which was to have been resumed yesterday, has been postponed until Wednesday, owture to the absence of inspector Burnham and witnesses from the steamer Glau-

—The altempt to start the Union mills yester-day at Fall River was a failure. The atrikers in-timidated the heip who wished to po in. The atrike of the weavers at the Boider City mill was of no great convequence, and the mill is still rap-ning.

AFFAIRS ABROAD.

Yesterday's Events in the Old World as Reported by Cable.

England Rapidly Shaping the Situation in Egypt to Suit Herself.

Arrival of Fresh Regiments of British Troops at Sunkin.

The People of Khartoum Hall Gen. Gordon as Their Deliverer.

PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Feb. 18 .- In the house of lords to-day the Earl of Dunraven made a motion to the effect that the removal of Lord Rossmore from his office as justice of the peace was not justified and was calculated to discourage the Irish loyalists, Baron Carlingford, lord privy seal, defended the action of

ford, lord privy seal, defended the action of the Irish executive in this matter and warned the house that a vote of censure would have a grave effect in Ireland.

The debate on Sir Stafford Northcote's mo-tion censuring the government for their policy in Egypt was resumed in the house of commons to-day. Sir John Lubbock, liberal member for London university, spoke in opposition to the amendment introduced last Thursday by Sir Wilfrid Lawson, radical, which provided that the house decline to ex-press an opinion of the government's Expytian press an opinion of the government's Egyptian

which provided that the house decline to express an opinion of the government's Egyptian policy.

In the debate in the house of commons this evening on Sir Stafford Northcote's motion censuring the government Mr. W. T. Marriott, liberal member for Brighton, made a violent attack against the government, accusing it of vacilation and inconsistency. He declared that the government had lost the confidence of the country and of the liberal party. The truth of this he would test by voting for Sir Stafford Northcote's metion, and then resigning his seat in the house and offering himself for re-election. Mr. Marriott's speech was received with loud cheers by the opposition. The debate was adjourned.

Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice, under foreign secretary, announced that England had addressed a note to the French government relative to the British losses incurred through the bombardment of the ports of Madagascar by the French.

the bombardment of the ports of Madagascar by the French.

In the house of lords to-day, in reply to a question by the Marcois of Salisbury, Earl Granville, foreign ser retary, stated that Gen. Gordon's proclamation allowing the restora-tion of the slave trade in the Soudan was not exactly the same as had been published in the news; apers. Gen. Gordon would make

the news; apers. Gen. Gordon would make no arrangement which would operate in the interest of the slave trade.

The Irish parliamentary party held a meeting this evening for the purpose of deciding how to vote in to-merrow's division in the house of commons on the motion consuring the government's policy. Mr. Parnell was absent. There was some disagreement in regard to the course to be pursued by the party. Mr. Sexton made a motion to vote against the government, which was carried. The minority will abstain from voting. The defection of the Irish vote has increased the discontent and disruption of the liberal party, and will, it is estimated, reduce the government mand jority to 20. The conservative whips are beginning to hope for a government defeat.

Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice, under foreign secretary, announced in the house of com-

Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice, under foreign secretary, announced in the house of commons to-day that England, France, and other powers are urging Chill and Peru to protect the rights of foreign creditors.

The Marquis of Hartington, secretary for war, stated in the house of commons this evening that the government had received no news of the fall of Tokar. He also stated that a company of engineers had been ordered from Chatham to Suakin.

Sixty Irish members of partiament, of all shades of politics, have signed a memorial to Mr. Gladstone asking that the purchase clause of the land act be amended as as to authorize the government to advance the whole of the purchase money to tenants and

whole of the purchase money to tenants and extend the the period for the repayment of the money.

THE SITUATION IN EGYPT.

London, Feb. 18.—A dispatch from Cairo contradicts the report that the military council had decided to disbated the Egyptian army. The council decaused to reconstruct the brigade officered by Egyptians by dis-missing the officers and recruiting the bri-gade from Tucks, Circassians, and Albanians. LONDON, Feb. 18.—The Times this morning, in discussing Gen.Gordon's Khartoum procla-mation of yesterday, says: "Gen. Gordon is well aware that steps are being taken in well aware that steps are being taken in lower Egypt to discourage demestic slavery. He knows that England's guarantee of the Red sea ports cuts off the means of exit by which slaves have been disposed of to other countries, while he believes that his own work in the Congo country will effectually check the inflow of slaves." In view of these facts, the clause in Gen. Gordon's proclama-tion remying all restrictions much the slave tion removing all restrictions upon the slave assumes a character of little practical

significance.
SUAKIN, Feb. 18.—The enemy were quiet during the night. The commander at Tokar has written that he has supplies sufficient to last till the end of the mouth. He asks, how-ever, for arms and ammunition. The harbor at Suakin is too small to contain all the ves-sels ordered there. Admiral Hewitt has di-rected the transports to seek anchorage at Ras Magda, forty-five miles southeast.

Ras Magda, forty-five miles southeast.

Three hundred and twenty men of the 10th hussars, 338 of the Irish fusiliers, and 81st artillery arrived here to-day. The hussars repeatedly cheered Baker Fasha, who formerly commanded their regiment.

CAIRO, Feb. 18.—Letters from El Obeid bring the intelligence that El Mahdi has delayed the circumcision of his son until it can be performed in the palace at Khartoum. From fear of assassins El Mahdi has surrounded himself with a life guard. Visitors are permitted to approach him only on fours, and even then must remain at a considerable distance from his saured person. The siderable distance from his sacred person. The Christian missionaries, comprising six nun-two priests and one lay brother are in a mosdeplorable position. Another priest and lay brother have become Mussulmans. They recoive a monthly stipend and dwell apart from the Christians. The latter live in straw huts outside the town, and are destitute of food, ciething, and money. Their negro novices have either been enrolled in the army or sold

into slavery.

The people of Kharteum have halled Gen. Gordon as their deliverer.

ALEXANDRIA, Feb. 18.—Vice Admirable
Lord John Hay, commander-in-chief of the
British Mediterranean squadron, zrived here
to-day on board the iron-clad Temeraire.

A party of British sailors has been landed ere for service on shore. LONDON, Feb. 19.—Gen. Lord Welseley has

Toxinos, rec. in.—ten. Lorn weasers has ordered that the expedition to Tokar be finished in three weeks, within which time the treops are to return to Cairo.

Paris, Feb. 18.—The French government have called the attention of the English cabinet to the danger of an uprising and massacre at Cario if the English garrison is weakened. LONDON, Feb. 18.—The latest advices report that the rebellion against the Turks in Yemen, the southern division of Arabia, is

spreading. JEDDAH, Feb. 18.—The natives are displaying great uncasiness, as they are appro-heasive that the British contemplate the total suppression of the slave trade. The fanaticism of the Mussulmans is increasing intensity. The Bedouins, however, con

LONDON, Feb. 19.—A dispatch from Khartourn says: On Gen. Gordon's arrival here city council continues, the republican and thousands crowded to kiss his hands and fusion members remaining away.

feet, calling him "Sultan of the Soudan." Addressing the people, Gen. Gordon said: "I come without soldiers, but with God on my side to redress evils. I will not Addressing the people, Gen. Gordon said: "I come without soldiers, but with God on my side to redress evils. I will not fight with any weapons, but will mete out justice. There shall be no more Bashibazouks," The populace say that Gen. Gordon is giving them more than El Mahdi could give. Gen. Gordon is sending copies of his prodlamation in all directions.

The second brigade, composed of Egyptians under English officers, will retain its present organization, and will go to Assovan as soon as the transport service, now depleted by the Suakin expedition, can be strengthened.

FRANCE.

PRANCE.

Panis, Feb. 18.—A notice has been issued warning workingmen against any agency which invites unemployed persons to culist in the colonial army, denouncing it as an anarchist scheme.

A banquet was given here to-night by the English chamber of commerces. M. Rouvier, member of the chamber of deputies, in a speech, hoped that the channel tunnel would become a fact, and trusted that the negotiations for a treaty of commerce between English chamber of commerce between English can be a speech.

become a fact, and trusted that the negotiations for a treaty of commerce between England and France would be resumed.

M. de Lesseps said the Suez canal was neither English nor French, but belonged to all nations. M. Beaubien dwelt upon the great influence of chambers of commerce.

Deputy Ribot said that when Englishmen were fighting for civilization in remote regions, Frenchmen were unable to harbor jealousy. When Frenchmen were coping with barbarism in distant seas, Englishmen could only approve.

A sudden increase of activity is manifest by the ministry of marine. Vice Admiral Jaures, the commander of the French fleet in the Mediterraneau, has been summoned to Paris for consultation and two more iron clads have been sent to re-enforce his fleet.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LIMA (via GALVESTON), Feb. 18.—The Tribuna accuses Piersla of returning with the object of creating a revolution and regaining supreme power.

It is reported that the forces under Caceres have been dispersed, and that he has asked the government to permit him to return to Line.

The United States steamer Lackawanna has left Chimbate for Salavery.

BRANDER MATTHEW'S NEW COM-

BRANDER MATTHEW'S NEW COM-EDY.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Mr. Brander Matthew's new comedy, "Marjory's Lovers," was produced at the Court theater to-night. A fashionable audience filled about three-fourths of the theater. The play met with moderate success. The plot turns on the conspiracy of a professional gambler, who loves Marjory, to ruin her accepted lover by branding him as a cheat at cearte. The characters are admirably drawn, but there is no special originality of conception. A caricature portrait of an American parvenue, personated by Mrs. John Wood, hit the fancy of the audience most. The dialogue is always bright and sometimes sparkling. The second act is the best in situations, and put second act is the best in situations, and put the house in thorough good humor. The last act is weak at the end, two of the best char-acters left the stage, and the curtain falling on diminished interest and inartistic groupon diminished interest and inartistic group-ing. The leading artists were recalled twice at the close of the performance. A feeble call for the author met with no response. The play is splendidly mounted, and will probably run for a number of weeks.

FOREIGN MISCELLANY. The governor of Turkistan is on his way to St. Petersburg to report the occupation of

Mere,
Many Christians have been massacred in
Amam since the beginning of January. The
Annamite minister of war is implicated. A
Chinese viceroy, prior to the capture of
Sontag, ordered the Black Flags to murder

every Christian found in the city.

London, Feb. 18.—W. Clemenceau was entertained at dinner by M. Waddington, the French embassador, this evening. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, president of the board of trade, and Sir Charles Dilke, president of the local government board, were also guests.

VIRGINIA POLITICS.

The Bourbon Legislature Will Fail to Itu Outrageous Gerry Through-Barbour on Deck.

RICHMOND, Feb. 18 .- The general assembly to-day passed four bills over the veto of the governor, taking from the executive the power to appoint officers for the board of public works. The senate declared in favor of seating M.

P. Rue, senator from Portsmouth, A resolution was offered in the senate re-questing the Victinia members of congress to inquire as to the expediency of setting apart a territory for dissatisfied negroes, who may

desire to try their hand at self government. This is for buncombe. Another resolution was sent to a committee asking as to the constitutionality of the ap-pointment of colored trustees for colored

chools.

The governor to-day vetoed the reapportion. ment bill. This carnot probably be passed over his veto, as Wickham opposed it. A bourbon said to-day that Wickham's plan would probably have to be adopted.

John S. Barbour is here to-night and is said to be giving orders to his men. Abraham Fulkerson and John W. Daniel are also on hand.

Hubbard, of Buckingham, turned out of the senate, has been sent back to the house amajority of 1,265 over a bourbon and straight

The state central committees of the repub lican and the readjuster parties are in perfect harmony and have ordered a state convention for April 23d.

Fast Going to Pieces.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Feb. 18 .- The Long Island coast between Amagansett and Mon tank point is strewn to-day with wrockage of the steamer City of Columbus, which was wrecked off Gay Head. Patrolmen of the beach brought ashore through the surf three large packing boxes, one marked John Lucas, Boston and Savannah, companion way, a number of wheelbarrows, also, were washed ashore. A close watch is kept for bodies. No doubt the wreck is fast going to pieces. via City of Columbus. Ship timbers and a

Six Children Surned.

CHOCKETT, TEX., Feb. 18.-Rhauber Hart and wife, colored, went to church last night and left six children home asleep. Hart locked the door and took the key with him. At 10 o'clock the house was discovered after, and burned so quickly that it was impossible to save it or the children, every one of when was reasted to death. The chiest was

Eilled for Frightening a Man's Wife. AUGUSTA, GA., Feb. 18.-J. D. W. Burch who was shot through the head by John White in this county a few days age, is dead. Burch is said to have entered White's house and frightened the latter's wife. White en-tered, seized agun, and shot Burch down. The coroner's jury to-day rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

A Murderer Escapes.

NEW OBLEANS, LA., Feb. 18. - Police Officer Edward Ryan, who shot and killed Kittle Conion, his paramour, in a house of ill fame on Oct. 5, 1883, has been acquitted for want of evidence, the dying declaration of the girl of evidence, the dying declaration of the girl having been ruled out.

The Baltimore Deadlock BALTIMORE, Feb. 18 .- The deadlock in the FIGHTING FOR A FORTUNE.

A Young Baltimore Man Sucs His Father for \$300,000-End of the "Beggar Studens" Litigation.

Special Disputch.

BALTIMORE, Feb 18.—The celebrated injunction case of Manager McCaull, of the Casino, New York, against the Messrs. Charles E. and John T. Ford, of Baltimore, was decided by Judge Fisher in the city circuit court to-day in favor of McCaull, recair court to-day in favor of McCalli, re-straining the defendants from producing the opers of "The Beggar Student"—the injunc-tion being granted as prayed. The fight has been a long and bitter one. The case was argued by William T. and J. Swan Frick, of Haltimore, and Judge Dittenhoffer, of New York, for the complainant, and Thomas W. Hall and Alfred J. Carr for the defendants, The opinion was an elaborate one. After re-viewing the facts in the case Judge Fisher says:

viewing the facts in the case Judge Fisher says:

Even if the librette had been original it is an interesting question whether Mr. Ford could have connected it with the genuine music and songs, and produced the whole as Millocker's "Beggar Student." In the case of tangible property a party is protected in the use of a name which he has appropriated and rendered valuable by his skill, whether he has applied it to real or personal property. There is no reason why this principle should not be extended to library, nusleal, and mixed compositions. There is no right to the mere fame disconnected from the work. The mere fame disconnected from the work. The mane and songs are open to any use, either alone or in connection with fresh matter. The opera consists of three paris. The music, words, and songs, and all must be joined to constitute the entity covered by the name. Mr. Ford may use any libratio not an initiation of Zeil's, and the music and songs, but he must announce his production in some other way than as Millocker's open of "The Reggar Student."

John T. Ford disclaimed any interest in the controversy, and his disclaimer was not denied.

In the same court to-day proceedings were

In the same court to-day proceedings were emmenced in the suit of Ernault H. Will-In the same court to-day proceedings were commonced in the suit of Ernault H. Williams, a young society swell, against his father. Hon. George Hawkins Williams, ex-president of the Maryland senate, to recover \$300,000. Some exceedingly interesting developments are expected during the trial. At the time the suit was docketed it created a social sensation. Young Williams was one of the heirs of the late John S. Gittings, the millionaire banker, by whose will he inherited a large fortune worth \$300,000 or more. Young Williams became, it is said, dissipated in his habits, and engaged himself to a young lady to whom his parents were opposed. Every effort was made to prevent the marriage, and young Williams charges that he was induced, while under the influence of liquor, to sign a paper transferring all his interests in his legacy to his father in consideration of his receiving an annuity of \$2,600, which he has since received. He was also, as alleged, carried to Europe and detained there for some time against his will. Upon his return he married the girl and is now living happily, it is believed, with her. The young lady is of irreproachable character, but does not move in the Williams's social "set," hence the objection to the union. Father and son have not spoken for nearly two years, though frequently meeting each other in the street. Able counsel are employed on both sides of the case.

AN AWFUL CONSPIRACY.

Philadelphia Democrats All Torn Up Over a Startling Discovery.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.-A supposed fraudulent attempt to affect the result of tomorrow's municipal election was discovered here to-night. Thousands of circulars purporting to come from the democratic city committee, but in reality from other persons, were received by voters throughout the city to-day. The circulars warn voters who were furnished with tax receipts by the democratic division excitement in political circles to-night. Upon information received by the lawyers engaged by the democrats, they directed that warrants be issued for the arrest of Real Estato Assessor Joseph L. Nobre, William B. Abern, of the republican city executive committee, and Charles E. Voorbees, an employe of the United States senate, who is a resident of this city. The charge against them is conspiring to perpetrate the alleged fraud.

The Loans of the Hub.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.-The city of Boston public park and water 4 per cont. loan, amounting to \$950,000, to run for thirty years, has been awarded to the Provident institution for savings at 100 3-100 per cent. The \$500,000 4 per cent. loan for twenty years, on account of improved sewerage, has been awarded to the same institution at 107 21-100

er cent. Tampering With the Matls.

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 18.—Americus Rogers vas given a hearing to-day before United States Commissioner Morgan on the charge of tampering with the mails while acting as terk in the postofice at Hamilton, Monmouth ounty, and was held in \$5,000 bail for trial at the United States district court at Trenton. In default of bail he was committed to prison.

"The Beggar Student" Enjoined. BALTIMORE, Feb. 18 .- Judge Fisher in the ity circuit court to-day filed his opinion in the case of McCaull vs. John T. and Charles E. Ford, to restrain the latter from producing the operatts of "The Beggar Student." The opinion states that Mr. Ford cannot make a librette in imitation of Zells, and on injunction will issue upon proper application.

Tickets for the Carnival. NEW OBLEANS, Feb. 18,- Excursion tickets

to New Orleans from Baltimore and all points south are now being issued, thus enabling the carnival visitors to come early enough to participate in the ceremonies of the unveiling of the Lee statue, which takes place Feb. 32. A Pugitive Murderer.

are so far fruitices. The sheriff is still scour-ing the country, but no trace of the fugitive can be found. Rugg is supposed to be hiding

Eloped with a 15-Year-Old Girl. WILKES-BARRE, PA., Feb. 18.-James Crow, carpenter, 25 years old, cloped this afterwith Jennie Williams, aged 15. Both lived in Parsons, and that community is much excited. Their whereabouts are unknown. .

mills has been declared at an end, and the mills have thus been opened to any one who can get employment in them.

The Weather.

Fur weather in southern half, local rains, followed by clearing weather in the worthern half, wind shyf-ing to southerly, a slight rise in temperature, and ris-

A "PAIR OF KNUCKS."

The Chivalrous Danvillian Considers Them Fair Weapons Against Bare Fists.

Protected by Pistols While He Hammers An Unarmed Man.

Why Colored Women Despise Colored Demograts and Hate White Ones.

More Interesting Testimony Concerning

the Brutal Murders in Danville,

Hanse Lawson, the young colored man whose fight with Noel was the pretext for

the Danville massacre, was the first witness before the investigating committee yesterday morning. He was a sleepy and rather stupid looking negro, who spoke low and fast, and chopped and mumbled his words so that he was at times almost unintelligible. He said that he first met Noel on the morning of Nov. 3. He was getting out of the way of some ladies and accidentally ran against Nocl. He said; "Excuse me, sir," to Nocl. who replied: "You d-d nigger, what do you mean by running against me." Davis Lew-ellen, a young colored man who was with the witness, told him to "go on." Noel resented this by striking Lewellen, but was twice knocked into the gutter by the latter. Noel then went away. He next saw Noel riding down the street in a buggy. Noel kept looking back at them. He then called Lewellen's attention to him, and told him he had better look out for him. Neither of them said anything to Noel. Noel stopped in front of the opera house, got out of his buggy, and came back with several white men. The witness expected that Noel might attack Lewellen, but inatead he came up beside the witness and struck him twice in the left eye and once on the head with a "pair of knucks." He still bears the sear from the wound under his eye. He was not expecting the attack, but turned and caught Noel by the collar and struck him once. George Los, who was with Noel, then cocked his pistol and pointing it at witness's head said: "Stand back. I'll shoot the last one of you d—d niggers' heads off." The witness then ran away. He staved at a friend's houre for a week and then left Danville, because his friends told him his life was in danger. He has since been in Beston. He saw nothing of the riot. Noel did not speak to him before the fight, but struck him without warning. Neither he, nor Lewellyn nor James Love, who were with him, had pistols. He thought there were about ten colored men standing around when Noel struck him and a dozen white men with Noel. Senator Vance tried to get the witness to say too much by encouragingly saying to him: "The dozen men were all armed and flourishing their pistols, weren't they?" but the witness till said that he only saw the pistol in Lea's hand.

"Why was your life in any more danger than that of any other colored man?" asked Senator Vance.

"Every colored man's life was in danger in Danville." realied the witness. Noel resented this by striking Lewellen, but was twice knocked into the gutter by the latter. Noel then

Senator Vance.

"Every colored man's life was in danger in Danville," replied the witness.

The witness denied that he had ever insulted or spoken to W. R. Taylor as both Noel

culars warn voters who were furnished with tax receipts by the democratic division committees not to attempt to vote on such receipts as through mistake the city committee neglected to pay the tax receiver for them. It says that all who attempt to vote on the receipts will be arrested, and the voter is requested to return the tax receipt to the city committee by mail at once. The democratic politicians were greatly incensed at the effort to thus reduce their vote, and the leaders, after consultation, at once engaged several leading lawyers to arrest and prosecute the offenders for forgery, the name of the secretary of the city committee having been unlawfully used. Warrants have been issued and arrests of suspected persons will be made during the night, when important developments are expected. The disclosures have caused great excitement in political circles to-might. Upon information received by the leavest. last d-d one of them." The firing began, and the witness immediately left that part of and the witness immediately left that part of the city. Witness saw the bedies of two colored men who were killed in the riot. The colored people began to run as seen as the first pistois were fired, but more shots were fred at them after they began to run than before. Witness left Danville the next day on account of the advice of his friends, and went to Brooklyn, where he has since lived. He had registered, as had Lawson, but neither of them remained in Danville to yots.

neither of them remained in Danville to vote.

The cross examination by Senator Vanco did not cause the witness to change his story. He added that when Noel struck Lawson and Lea drew his pistol against the other colored men he, the witness, said: "Mr. Lea, that isn't fair, to let a man be beat up that way." "Man against man was fair, wasn't it?"

"One man with knucks wasn't fair," answered the witness. He did not hear any white man ask the crowd to disperse. Senator Vance insisted upon knowing what the colored people said in answer to the orders of the whites but the witness said he could not the whites, but the witness said he could not remember that they said anything. The senator thought it peculiar that the witness should so well remember what the whites said but not what the colored men said. "Colored people don't talk back to white

people like white people does to colored peo-ple," said the witness, "Why didn't the black people go away when they had so much warning ?" asked the senator.
"Reckon the colored people thought they had a right to stay on the street," said the

John F. Carl, superintendent of the national cometery at Danville, was called. He was an intelligent, clear headed, and plain speaking witness. The manner of the man made his testimony convincing. He was in Danville with his little son and saw the be-ginning of the fight. After the first pisted shot he saw a body of fifteen or twenty white shot he saw a body of fifteen or twenty white men on the sidewalk and a crowd of 150 or more colored people of all ages and both sexes in the street. There were boys and girls and women among them. They appeared to be demanding the arrest of one of the white men. A white man stepped out in front and said: "Here I am. What do you want?" and seemed to be pointing out some one else. The witness then started with his boy to go into a store for safety. The white men on LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Feb. 18 .- All efforts to recapture Rugg, the negro murderer, The witness then started with his boy to go into a store for safety. The white men on the sidewalk were then drawn up in a double line diagonally across the sidewalk, facing the crowd of colored people. They had their pistols out, and held at what he called a "ready," the muzzles pointed upward, the the butts in their right hands and the left hands supporting the right. He saw saveral colored men with driving whips, but none with pistols. The colored crowd appeared to be such as would be gathered by idle carlostry. They seemed to be more deflant and more in-

Tron Workers' Strike.

The strike this rights that crowds of firm workers at the Birmingham rolling gan to run as soon as the firing began. The firing was kept up until all the blacks had left. About 150 shots were fired. The shoke from the pistols was thick enough to obscure objects across the street. When it cleared away not a colored man was to be seen. witness did not see any colored man shooting. At the right there might have been ing to southerly, a slight rise in temperature, and ris-ing followed by follows temoster.

Some answering shots. The witness had been a soldier. He was in such a position that he could have seen the snock of any pistol fired by the blacks, and he could have maximum, 49.17, minimum, 19.17; rain fall, .05.

distinguished by the repert whether a